A BROKER'S SHOCKING END. N. W. T. HATCH'S SKULL CRUSHED BY A

FOUND DEAD IN THE BACK YARD OF MR. AND MRS. SCOPIELD'S HOUSE-THE TWO ARRESTED AND

The old-fashioned dwelling-house No. 64 West Twentieth-st. was the scene of a remarkable death. early yesterday morning, when Nathaniel W. T. Hatch, a broker well known in Wall Street, accidentally killed himself by jumping from the roof of a rear extension and falling upon the stone flagging of the yard. Charles W. Scofield, speculator who has been president of the Montcomery and Florida Railroad, lives in the house with his wife Lillian. He is a mild-mannered Southerner, more than fifty years old, and his wife, who is an Englishwoman by birth, is not yet thirty Recently they have been lodging in rooms on the second story of the house and taking their meals at restaurants while painters have been at work on the parlor floor. The house is at the corner of Sixth-ave., opposite the Church of the Holy Communion. A high brick wall separates the yard of the house from the sidewalk in Sixth-ave. and continues on past the yard of the house No. 69 West Nineteenth-st.

Mr. Hatch's death was not discovered until nearly 7 a. m. yesterday, when H. Geenen, a hairdreser, who occupies the Ninetcenth-st. house, looked out of a rear window and saw a man's body lying in the adjoining yard. Mr. Geenen looked vinced that the man was dead. No person was visible at the rear windows of the house in Twentieth-st. At length Mr. Geenen put on his Twentieth-st. At length Mr. Geenen put on his hat and walked around to that house to make an inquiry. The vestibule door was ajar, but he Hatch. I have met Mr. Hatch occasionally in my apartdid not choose to enter. As he was about to ring the bell he was accosted by Charles Benspeck, one of the painters who had been employed there, and who had just arrived to begin his work.

Do you know that there is a man lying dead in the back yard ?" Mr. Geenen inquired.

No! That can't be possible," said the painter. Benspeck rang the bell, and in a few minutes Mrs. Scofield opened the front door. She wore a loose wrapper and looked as if she had not slept much during the night. "This man says there is a dead man in the

back yard," Benspeck remarked, indicating Mr. Geenen by a nod.

MRS. SCOFFELD STARTLED.

A startled look in Mrs. Scofield's eyes was the only reply. She looked at the men for a moment, and then went upstairs without a word.

The two men walked through the hall to a balcony window in the rear of the one-story extension looked down into the yard. There they saw the body of a man of middle age, well dressed, lying flat on the flagstones, face upward. His features were regular, almost handsome, and set off by a heavy brown mustache. A pool of blood was on the stone where his head lay. The back of his skull had been crushed in, and his right eye was discolored His high silk hat lay a few feet away from the body. Close beside it was a broker branch of a tree which stood only a few feet from the rear wall of the extension.

While the men stood gazing at the body they were joined by Mrs. Scofield. She went to the window and looked down into the yard. Her face paled and she trembled visibly as she recognized the dead face. An exclamation of horror escaped from her lips.

Do you know the man?" inquired Mr. Geenen. Mrs. Scofield looked at her questioner a moment with a despairing expression. Then she drew her handsome figure up to its fullest height, and with a tragic gesture she replied: "No!" A moment later she was running back to her room upstairs, wringing her hands, and crying " Oh! oh!"

Mr. Geenen did not see her again, but he said to the painter: "She surely knows that man." Benspeck went out on the sidewalk and called in Policeman Reardon, of the Nineteenth Precinct, who began an investigation. Mr. Geenen left the house after telling the policeman that Mrs. Scofield was the person who was best able to give information. Reardon found Mrs. Scoffeld in her room on the second floor. She had become calm

HER FIRST STATEMENT "The dead man is Nathaniel W. T. Hatch, a broker, who called here last night," she said. "He wished to leave the house without encountering my husband, and he must have fallen from the roof of the extension. My husband is here in the house, and he will confirm what I say, at neither of us knew of this terrible misfortune until a few minutes ago." Mr. Scoffeld had gone down to the yard to look at the body. Reardon found him there, and heard his brief statement, which partly corroborated that of his wife. One which party corroborated that of his whee of the painters was sent to call another policeman, who was placed in charge of the body. Reardon arrested Mr. and Mrs. Scoffeld, and they accompanied him to the West Thirtieth-st. police station. They were not locked up, but sat in Captain Reilly's private room, while the captain and his detectives followed up, the investigation which Reilly's private room, while the captain and his detectives followed up the investigation which Reardon had begun. Mrs. Scofield was talkative, and when reporters went to the station she was permitted to tell her story at length. She said that she and her husband had speculated in Wall Street and had known Mr. Hatch a long time. They had dealt in stocks at the office of W. T. Hatch & Sons, at No. 14 Nassau-st., and also at the office of I. & S. Wormser.

"I went down town yesterday afternoon." she went on, "and called at the office of W. T. Hatch & Sons, where I transacted some business in stocks.

"I went down town yesterday afternoon," she went on, "and called at the office of W. T. Hatch & Sons, where I transacted some business in stocks. Then I went to the office of I. & S. Wormser. After leaving that office I met Mr. Hatch in Broad-st., and he walked with me to the Hoffman restaurant, where we had luncheon. I told him I was going to see my brother-in-law, D. C. Ferris, in the Welles Building. At 4 p. m. Mr. Hatch met me in the office of Mr. Ferris, and we three arranged to take dinner together in O'Neil's restaurant, at Sixth-ave. and Twenty-second-st., at 6 p. m. Mr. Hatch accompanied me up town and we met Mr. Ferris had dined by that time, and I said I wished to have a regular French dinner. So Mr. Hatch and I went to Madame Fanny's, in Twenty-seventh-st. We had wine for dinner and sat a long time over the meal. Afterward we had some champagne and talked with Madame Fanny about stocks and horses. It was nearly midnight when we left the place and rode down Sixth-ave. to Twentieth-st in a coach. I opened the door of the house with my latch key and lighted the gas in the hall, apolegizing to Mr. Hatch for the appearance of the pairor floor where the painters had been at work. He made some inquiry about the house, and I invited him to go up stairs and see the rooms where we lodged. The rooms in the second story were kept locked."

"Leelled my husbaudis name, but there was

CALLING FOR HER HUSBAND. "I called my husband's name, but there was no reply. Then I opened the door to the rooms apstairs and lighted the gas. As Mr. Hatch and I were looking through the rooms to see if everything was all right, we heard footsteps on the thing was all right, we heard rootsteps on the stairs. 'That must be my husband,' I said. Mr Hatch appeared to be frightened, but I told him to remain quiet and I would see Mr. Scofield As I went into the upper hail. Mr. Hatch locked himself in the rooms. All the rooms on that

to remain quiet and I would see Mr. Scofield. As I went into the upper hall. Mr. Hatch locked himself in the rooms. All the rooms on that floor, including the bath-room, communicated with each other. I met my husband on the stairs and he inquired: 'Who have you got upstairs?' I refused to tell him, but he said: 'I heard a man's voice and I think it is Mr. Hatch.' I again refused to tell him who the man was, but asked him to go into the back parlor until the man could go out unobserved. Mr. Scofield did as I requested, and I went back upstairs.

"The door was locked. I knocked and said: 'Let me in. Mr. Scofield has gone away.' There was no answer. I knocked again and arain and called out that everything was all right. Still no answer. I got some matches and looked in the keyholes. The keys were turned in the locks inside the rooms. At length I went out on the sidewalk and called a policeman who stood at the corner, telling him that I wanted him to break into my apartments as I was locked out. The officer did not wish to break open a door, but I convinced him that I had a right to get into the rooms and he broke open the door to the bath-room. I did not tell the policeman that any one was in the rooms, but I thanked him and he left the house.

"Doeling in Valn For The Broker."

LOOKING IN VAIN FOR THE BROKER. Then I looked through all the rooms, but could not find Mr. Hatch. Several times I cried: Where are you hiding, Mr. Hatch?' At length I noticed that the bath-room window was open. looked out on the roof of the extension, but I did not see him. The extension joined several others in the rear of the adjoining houses and I thought Mr. Hatch must have made his escape to the street. It was then about 2 a. m. Being very tired, I went to bed and soon fell asleep. My husband came home about 6 a. m. He said he had been sitting on a doorstep in the next block. About an hour later I was called to the front door by a ring at the bell, and was told

that a man was lying dead in the yard. I ran upstairs to awaken Mr. Scofield, who had lain down to take a nap. Then I went down and looked out of a window of the extension. I could not recognize the body in the yard then, but Mr. Scofield looked at it and said it was that of Mr. Hatch."

Mr. Scoffehl refused to make any statement to Mr. Scoffeld refused to make any statement to reporters at the police station. He and his wife were taken to the Jefferson Market Police Court, but they were not held there as the case was clearly one for a coroner to dispose of. At the coroner's office, a little later, they made statements under oath to Coroner Levy. Mrs. Scoffeld said there about what she had previously said at the police station. Jerome Buck, her counsel, who was brought to the coroner's office by her brother-in-law, got her to say that Mr. Hatch went upstairs in the Twentieth-st, house to make sure that there were no burglars in the rooms.

THE HUSBAND'S STORY OF THE AFFAIR.

THE HUSBAND'S STORY OF THE AFFAIR. Mr. Scofield gave the following testimony:

Mr. Scolleid gave the following testimony:
I reside at No. 64 West Twentieth-st. I am the husband of I.illian Scoffeld. I got home to my house about
10 p. m. yesterday. I could not get in my sleeping
spartment. I went into the tack pailor. I lay down on
the sofa and fell asleep. Some voices awoke me about 1
a. m. \* I listened a moment and heard and recognized Mr.
Hatch's voice talking with my wife. I sat down in the
front parlor. In about half an hour she came down.
She said she had company. I said I knew it and recog-She said she had company. I said I knew it and recognized Mr. Hatch's voice. I said I would leave. She said, "All right, go." I went to go up to get my coat and she objected. My wife said I could not sicep in the house that night. I said, "All right, I'll go." I said I would return for my things in the morning. I left the house and went and remained on the second stoop of the adjoining house. I think it was about 2 or 2:30 a. m. I kept company with the policeman on the beat till about 5:30 a. m. About 6:30 a. m. I went to my house to get out of a rear window and saw a man's body

n the adjoining yard. Mr. Geenen looked "I want to get my things, according to promise, and go."

body several minutes before he was con
She replied, "Don't be foolish," and urged me to remain and get some sleep. It was then about 7 s. m. I finally consented and undressed and lay down and fell saleep, as I was worn out. About 7:45 s. m. my wife woke me up night, but I recognized his voice.

light, but I recognized his voice.

It was ascertained that the policeman who helped Mrs. Scofield to get into her arariments, and who afterward talked a little with Mr. Scofield on the block, was Patrolman McCormack, of the West Thirtteth-st. squad. He was attending drill at the Polo Grounds in the forenoon and had the afternoon to himself, and therefore he could not be found to give testimony before Coroner. the afternoon to himself, and therefore he could not be found to give testimony before Coroner Levy yesterday, but he saw Captain Reilly before 6 p. m., and corroborated the statements of the Scofields. Deputy-Coroner Scholer had examined the body of Mr. Hatch and had caused it to be removed to the shop of Undertaker Roth, in Seventh-ave., where it was embalmed in the afternoon. Coroner Levy discharged Mr. Scofield from arrest and paroled Mrs. Scofield in the custody of her counsel pending further inquiry.

IT WAS UNDOUBTEDLY AN ACCIDENT.

The police have no doubt that Mr. Hatch met his death by accident. They thought he tried escape from the roof of the extension to the yard of the house by means of the tree, a dead branch of which he had broken off and pulled wn with him in his fall. The tree was so close the edge of the roof that one would have to mp only about four feet to strike against the to the edge of the roof that one would have to jump only about four feet to strike against the branches. In his attempt to swing himself down, Mr. Hatch had the misfortune to seize hold of a decayed limb which snapped off in his grasp as soon as his weight fell upon it. It is a matter for conjecture whether Mr. Hatch went to his death as soon as he could get out on the roof, or waited to take the fatal leap after Policeman McCormack began to break open the bath-room door. Mr. Hatch fell a distance of only fifteen feet, but his skull was crushed in by striking against, the stone flag of the yard. His body was in the undertaker's shop late in the afternoon. Mr. Hatch was forty-four years old, and lived with his wife and four children in the handsome brownstone house No. 36 West Fifty-third-st. That house was closed to all except intimate friends of the family yesterday. The funeral will take place there at 2:30 p. m. to-morrow. Mr. and Mrs. Scoffeld went from the Coroner's office to some place other than the house in Twentieth-st., as that house was in the care of strangers late in the afternoon.

A POPULAR STOCK EXCHANGE MAN. Mr. Hatch was one of the most popular members of the Stock Exchange, and the news of his death was a great shock to everybody in Wall Street. His generous habits have been well known for many years, but his best friends did not for many years, but his best friends did not expect a tragic fate for him. They accepted the popular views of the affair with the greatest reluctance, and suggestions of murder were as common as those of accident or suicide. Mr. Hatch had been a member of the Stock Exchange for twenty-two years, and for a short time he was also a member of the Governing Committee. He was devoted to his business, and in business hours was never known to indulge in outside amusements. It was supposed in many quarters that his death was the result of some circumstance which could only be explained by the one man whose lips are forever sealed.

some circumstance which could only be explained by the one man whose lips are forever scaled.

On the other hand, there was no reason why Mr. Hatch shold take his own life. His domestic life was pleasant and he had no pecuniary embarrassments. His own position as well as the birth and fortune of his wife assured success. It is well understood that nothing in his family or business relations could explain the theory of suicide. Circumstances may point toward murder possibly, but those who knew Mr. Hatch most intimately were contented in believing that his death was an unhappy accident. He was not only a member of the Stock Exchange, but an agreeable club man end the members of the Union League and the New-York Clubs will be called to mourn his absence.

## THE LOSS ON SHOOTER'S ISLAND.

LIST OF INSURANCES ON PROPERTY OF THE SEA-BOARD LUMBER COMPANY AND OTHERS.

Reports received yesterday regarding the fire on hooter's Island on Monday night show that the early estimates of the losses were greatly exaggerated. The & Ayres, oil refiners and controllers of the Seaboard by the Scaboard Lumber Company. The barrel factory of Lombard & Ayres, which was within a few hundred feet of the burned structure, was untouched, because the wind blew the flames away from it and, moreover, there was a prompt and free supply of water from fire boats of the company, of the Standard Oil Company and others. The Seaboard Lumber Company lost stock valued at about \$30,000, and machinery valued at

\$20,000 to \$50,000.			
The insurance of	the Sea	board Lumber Comp	any on
machinery, engines,	boilers,	etc., is as follows:	
Liverpool and London and Globe, Eng. Phenix, Brooklyn. Ætas, Hartford. Liberty, N. Y. Commercial Union, Eng. Citizens, Ohio Pennsylvania, Plus- burg.	\$6,475 2,775 1,850 1,850 1,850 900	Commercial Cal Firemen's, N. O. New Orleans, N. O. East Texas. Heime Tenn Knoxville, Tenn German, Tenn Arlington, Tenn Authens', Tenn Manufactur'rs', W. Va	\$1,250 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 500 500
Sun, New-Orleans Factors and Traders',	\$00	Standard, W. Va Indiana, Ind Citizens', Ind	500 500
New-Orleans Lendon Assurance, Corporation, Eng Anglo-Nevada, Cal	1,000		
The insurance of	the sai	ne company on lun	nber on

Commercial Union, England, Consylvania Pitts-burg 2.500 3,500 Total \$32,500 The insurance of the same company on its pier is as follows:
Liverpool and London
and Globe, Eng. \$10,000
Greenwick, N. Y. 2,500
The Insurance of the same company on lumber on
Pler is as follows:

Liverpool and London and Globe, England, \$5,000. The insurance of Lombard, Ayers & Co. on buildings is as follows:

| 15 as follows : | Liverpoel and London | and close, Eng. | \$6,475 | Ningara, New-York | 1.859 | Eina, Conn | 1.859 | Total | \$18,500

A BIG LOSS THROUGH INCENDIARIES. The large stables and stock barns of George L ency, at Bernardsville, N. J., were totally destroyed by fire on Monday night. Horses and cattle to the number of 200 were rescued. The loss on buildings alone is \$30,000. There is ne estimate of loss on the contents, which included 100 tons of hay. It is thought the fire was incendiary.

LOSSES IN VARIOUS PLACES. Hartford, Conn., May 8.—Fire this morning destroyed a frame building on the river front, owned by the New-York, New-Haven and Hartford Railroad Company. The

Susquehanna, Penn., May 8.—A fire at Lanesboro this morning destroyed the Lyons Hotel, Chamberlain Bros'. meat market, the post office, and Munson's Hall and block.

Worcester, Mass., May 8.—The house of Samuel A.

Small, at Westbury, was destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is \$8,000; some insurance.

Bordentown, N. J., May 8.—The stocking factory here of Garside & Co., of Trenton, was destroyed by fire last night. The loss is \$5,000; insurance, \$4,000. The building belonged to William C. Bowen, of this city.

Hillshope, Ridden N. J.

AGAINST NON-RESIDENTS.

THREE MEN DELEGATES RULED OUT. IF THE WOMEN MAY NOT ENTER THE CONFERENCE

THE REPRESENTATIVES OF FOREIGN BODIES MUST VACATE THEIR SEATS. Empty scats and vacant boxes in the Metropolitan Opera House yesterday, after the recent crowded audi-

ences, denoted how deeply the interest had centred in the controversy of the first week over the eligiof the speakers resounded in the vacant galleries; but by noon the house was again fairly filled. There were no women among the delegates, however, except permission vacant seats beside their husbands. A suggestion had been made that the women delegates, if not admitted, should be permitted to take the seals in reserve in the body of the house, but in the rush of other business yesterday this was overlooked, and Mrs. Mary C. Nind and Mrs. Rippey went to the gallery

to follow the proceedings, while Mrs. A. F. Newman occupied the box of Mrs. Seymour, with the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. John P. Newman. The women and their friends in and out of Confer-

ence expressed some disappointment that, having come so near winning, they should have been defeated. But the result was accepted with good grace and with confidence that the success they have met in this Conference will secure their actual recognition when this body holds its next session in 1892. How close the vote did come was indicated in yesterday's Tribune. votes. The official announcement stated that 150 ministers voted "aye" and 122 "no." The Tribune's count indicated 123 "noes," which was verified by the secretaries' statement yesterday. The laymen voted 78 for sustaining the report and 76 for rejecting it. The colored delegates nearly all voted

for the report. The German Methodists were solid for it with one exception; Sia Sek Ong, the Chinese delegate from the Foochow Conference, voted in favor of admitting the women. VOTING AGAINST NON-RESIDENT DELEGATES. One of the results of this vote was shown yesterday the decision on the contested seats of several lay

delegates who are not residents of the conferences which elected them. There had been little expectation that these seats would be seriously contested, but the advocates of the women united with those who felt that after voting as they did on the women question, they could not consistently change their votes for these contestants; the minority report was adopted by a vote of 303 to 116, and India and Mexico will body decided that the expenses of the women delegates who attended Conference should be paid from the regular fund.

Most of the session yesterday was occupied with the discussion on the seating of the contested delegates; a large number of papers were referred to the various committees many of which were busy in the afternoon. The report of the Women's Foreign Mishave been doing in the Church and why they are striving for admission to the Conference itself. On many of the questions, such as the Episcopacy, the time limit of the pastorate, and church missions, which are to be points of controversy, the interest has now fairly begun, and the contested features of these questions are occupying all the delegates and their friends. Among the prominent names recently mentioned for Bishop whose strength appears to be increasing is that of Dr. J. H. Vir the founder of the Chautauqua Circle, and one of the best known Methodists in the country.

Bishop Walden presided yesterday, the seventh Bishop in the regular order. To-day Bishop Mallalicu's turn will come in the order of seniority, and tomorrow Bishop Fowler's. This completes the list of the present Bishops who have conducted the sessions, and brings before the Conference another important question. Bishop Taylor, the African Mis-sionary Bishop, has been regularly at the meetings of Conference at the invitation of the Board of Bishons and his first appearance was greeted with an applause that attended none of the others. The question whether he can preside will have to be settled. The Bishops have not, it is claimed, the power to appoint him to preside any more than they would to appoint any person outlisde their own number. This precipitates question as to whether or is simply a Missionary Taylor or whether he has, as his friends claim, co-ordinate part while present in the decisions on the points of ruling which which have come before the presiding officers, and it is known that the Board of Bishops does not recognize his authority as on the same for ing with its own. Bishop Taylor's friends say that has a following in the Conference which will insist on a full recognition of his rights which are the rights of a Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

BISHOP TAYLOR'S WORK CRITICISED. Methodist Missionary Society, asked that Bishop Taylor be requested to present to Conference a report on his work in Africa and this it is expected will maintains that his method of establishing self-sup-porting missions was the original practice of the Church; and he has carried it on independently of The society holds that a great mission work can be carried on only by such a system as the Church has gradually established and that Bishop Taylor's work is expensive, incomplete and impracticable. Bishop Taylor has sent more than a hundred missionaries to Central Africa and the society

is anxious to know what they have accomplished. It was rumored yesterday that the opposition forces were preparing a kind of bomb which they expected to explode in Bishop Taylor's camp in so effectual a manner that it will destroy the force of his position and settle for good the question of his status as a missionary bishop in the Church. One of his missionaries named Waller, who returned home with his wife from Africa last March, gave an unfavorable account of the progress of his work in the Dark Continent. Waller's statement was not regarded as sufficiently strong, as he is an untrained man and went out with the party as a cook and not to convert the natives. Within a few weeks, however, one of the first missionaries who went to Africa has returned and he is now in New-York. His name is Clarence Davenport, a young minilter who followed the Bishop, full of enthusiasm. He returns, it is said, convinced that the

Bishop's work is a failure.

When Bishop Taylor was asked respecting Mr. Davenport yesterday, he said that the missionary had gone out with one of his first parties and was a good, enterprising, hard-working man. "He has done," the Bishop added, "excellent work and none better than he; that is of itself an answer to any later statements of the impracticability of my work.

THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE CONFERENCE. PAYING THE EXPENSES OF THE WOMEN DELEGATES -THE NON-RESIDENT QUESTION.

After the devotional exercises General Fish took the floor with resolutions to the effect that since five electoral conferences had in good faith elected to the General Conference women delegates who reasonably expected to be admitted, it would be a graceful thing for the General Conference to assume the expenses incurred by them. It was announced that Mrs. Van Kirk had not appeared, and her name was removed. Dr. Thoburn wished to include the expenses of Mrs. Stone, a reserve lay delegate from th North India Conference. Dr. Buckley inquired whether it was intended to include in Mrs. Stone's expenses the cost of passage to and from India, and as this point was somewhat uncertain, his motion to lay Mrs. Stone's case on the table prevailed. The Conference ordered the payment of the other four claims.

Then came a long discussion over the report of the commission appointed at the General Conference of 1884, to devise a plan for unifying the benevolences of the Church. Dr. Kynett moved that the paper be referred to a committee of two delegates from each conference and four at-large, which should report on Friday. Dr. Spencer wanted an earlier report, Dr. Goodsell a later, and another brother said it was useless to grind the subject through another mill, so the Conference had better act upon it at once. Bishop Merrill said he had taken Bishop Harris's place upo the commission, and that this alleged report had been printed in pamphlet form many months ago, without his authorization or that of the other members of the commission. Therefore there was in no true sense a report from the commission. Dr. Swindell bore similar testimony, and Dr. Lanahan rolled a load off the minds of all by remarking: "If all these questions are discussed at

June. I move the previous question." On this Dr. Kynett's motion was carried, and the Conference passed to the consideration of the only important topic of the day, the admission of delegates elected by conferences of which they were non-residents. The majority report, signed by eleven memreference to the claim of J. M. Cornell, but in the cases of J. M. Phillips, elected by the Mexico Conference, and R. M. Pattison, elected by the North India Confarence, the report said that the law of the Church was | o'clock

such length the Conference will last till the end of

silent in regard to residence as a condition of eligibilwhich required that delegates must be twenty-five years old and must have been members of the Church for five consecutive years. A precedent for the ad-mission of these desgates was cited in the admission of Stephen Barker, a resident of New-York, who was allowed to represent the Italy Conference in the General Conference of 1880. The report closed with a

recommendation for such legislation as should in

future prohibit representation by non-residents.

A MINORITY REPORT AGAINST THE DELEGATES. Alfred Wheeler then read a minority report in chalf of the six remaining members of the comm It declared against the admission of Phillips, Pattison and Cornell, called attention to the concession by the majority that extra-territorial representation was inexpedient, and that if this were a question de novo the majority would be compelled according to the law to vote against admitting these contestants; and t insisted that the case of Barker was scarcely to be called a precedent, since Barker was admitted only on sufferance, his claim being neither challenged nor

Dr. Wheeler supported his opinion in a short specch. He said: "This is simply a question of iaw again, and the same law that excluded the women yesterday is invoked to exclude the men to-day."

Dr. Gallagher defended the choice of the three delegates, saying that most of the members of the Conferences that elected them were strangers to the English language, and consequently unfitted to be delegates; and that the three delegates in question were peculiarly qualified to represent the Conferences which chose them, as each had a special familiarity with the needs of his own constituency.

chose them, as each had a special familiarity with the needs of his own constituency.

Dr. Vernon, of Italy, held that the foreign conferences should not be held responsible for the system that had been adopted by a previous General Conference, and they had a right to avail themselves of representation by men who before coming to this General Conference, had familiarized themselves with the needs of the Conferences that elected them.

Dr. Foster, of Wisconsin, raised a stir by alleging that New-York and Philadelphia were getting up a "corner" on representation, and were trying to secure the balance of power. Dr. Thoburn said that Daniel Curry had favord extra-territorial representation; and he wanted to be allowed to say that the people of India and Mexico were the best judges of whom they wanted as representatives. Governor Pattison, he said, was elected by the India Conference without having received any previous intimation of a purpose to choose him. After further discussion the previous question was moved, and the Conference adopted the minority report by a vote of 303 to 116. The case of F. A. Riggin, who contested the seat of W. K. Shannon, of the Montana Conference, was decided in favor of Shannon. The last business of the session was the reading of memorials on the recent death of Delegates Clark and Bates.

COMMITTEES AT WORK.

COMMITTEES AT WORK. The afternoon was devoted to committee meetings. The Educaton Committee met and adjourned for lack of business, and little of interest was done by the committees on Church Extension and on Sunday-schools and Tracts. The Freedman's Aid Committee discussed at some length a proposition by the Board of Managers tion's title to "Southern Educational Society."

gosted.

The Committee on Ecumenical Conference met in the Vendome, Chancellor C. N. Sims presiding. Addresses were made by Fraternal Delegates Kelly, of England; Guard, of Ireland, and Stafford, of Canada. Dr. Guard said he was empowered by the English Wesleyans to propose an Ecumenical Conference, to be held in America in 1891, and to act on the lines followed by the London conference of 1891. As to the choice of subjects he stipulated only that there should be no discussion of doctrinal points. The time of year most convenient for his people was the month of September. Asked what the expenses of the 1881 Conference had been, he replied that £2,500 had been raised, which represented only a fraction of the total expense, as the English Methodist laity were in the habit of entertaining conference delegates at their homes. The committee finally resolved to recommend september or October, 1891, as the date of the Conference, and to refer to a sub-committee, consisting of Drs. Sims. Dorchester and Marvin, the arrangements for place and programme. Washington was suggested as a meeting place and will probably be chosen. The Committee on Ecumenical Conference met in

CCESSFUL WORK OF THE WOMEN ABROAD. The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church has presented an interesting account of its work during the last four years to the Conference. The report shows the remarkable growth of the society's work; it is signed by the following ladies, secretaries of the several branches : Mrs. H. B. Skidmore, New-York; Mrs. M. P. Alderman, New-England; Mrs. J. F. Keen, Philadelphia; Miss I. Hart, Baltimore; Mrs. B. R. Cowen, Cincinnati; Mrs.

Hart, Baltimore; Mrs. B. R. Cowen, Cineinnati; Mrs. E. A. B. Hoag, Northwestern; Mrs. M. S. Huston, Des Moines; Mrs. M. C. Nind, Minneapolis; Mrs. H. E. M. Pattee, Topelia.

The movement had just begun four years ago, but the suciety now has 4.383 auxiliaries with an annual membership of 115,228, and 8.524 life members. Auxiliaries have also been organized in Europe numbering forty-seven, with a membership of 984. The aggregate receipts for the four years are \$658,599, an increase of \$154,314 over the previous four years. The society now possesses property in various countries valued at \$259,810, as follows: India, \$86,960; China, \$51,550; Japan (including Corea), \$51,500; Mexico, \$55,000; South America, \$10,000; Bulgaria, \$4,500. It has a number of publications in English and German.

Sir: I find in your columns a letter signed "Angle F. Newman." The only concern I have with it results from these words which it contains: "Did Dr. Buckley ever solicit a letter for the columns of "The Advocate" from any woman of any Conference which elected women to this be presented within a few days. Between the Mis- Conference? In response permit me to say that imme- Mutuals paid 816 80. sionary Society of the Church and Bishop Taylor there diately after the first editorial on the Fourth race-Rancocas Handicap; one mile. Patrocles is a difference with regard to methods which will be subject in "The Christian Advocate" I was first under the string, a haif length ahead of Bess use of the columns of the paper to express her views on this subject. She courseously responded, saying: "As for the argument the brethren would better settle that." J. M. BUCKLEY.

Office of " The Christian Advocate," May 8, 1898.

METHODIST CONFERENCE, COLORED. Indianapolis, Ind., May 7.—The eighteenth quadren-nial session of the General Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal Church began here to-day and was called to order by Bishop Payne. Two hundred and sixty delegates from forty-one annual confer-ences, representing every State in the Union, Canada, the Bermuds and Demerara Islands, make up the official roster of the Conference. Among these are the leading spirits of the Church, including many men of more than National reputation. The Rev. W. Gasaway, pastor of the church in which the Conference is meeting, welcomed the delegates. He said that the Governor and Auditor of the State and "Noble Harrison" had sent words of welcome, accompanied with substantial help. This information was received with applause, and Harrison's name, particularly, was enthusiastically received.

A CHURCH CONVENTION AT TRENTON. Trenton, N. J., May 8,-The One-hundred-and-fourth annual convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of New-Jersey convened in Trinity Episcopal Church, this city, to-day. The diocese includes seventeen counties in the lower portion of the State. Bishop John Scarborough presided. The afternoon session was occupied principally with the reports of the committees on various Church matters. The address of the Bishop was then read. The Bishop expressed the hope that Christ Church, at Chambersburg, would be soon made a Bishop's church. He hoped that a costly edifice would be erected there and a cathedral established which would not be surpassed in any of the larger cities. The Bishop stated that the collection of missionary funds in the diocese was

shrinking perceptibly. He advocated the appointment of an itinerant missionary in each of the convocations to increase the collection of missionary funds.

The Bishop made the following appointments: Dean of the Convocation of New-Brunswick, the Rev. E. M. Rodman; Dean of the Convocation of Burlington, the Rev. George M. Hills Examining Chaplains—Convo-cation of New-Brunswick, the Revs. Alired D. Baker, Charles E. Pholfe and Charles M. Steavens: Convoca-tion of Burlington, Professor Joseph F. Garrison, the Rev. Dr. George M. Hills and Gustavus M. Murray.

ACTORS, MANAGERS AND PLAYS.

It may interest those who preserve records of important stage events to have the following cast of the last performance at Wallack's of "The School for Scandal"

Sir Peter Tearle John Gilbert
Sir Peter Tearle John Gilbert
Sir Oliver Surface Granes Surface Surface F. D. Ward
Joseph Surface F. D. Ward
Joseph Surface F. D. Ward
Joseph Surface F. D. Ward
Sir Benjamin Backbite Charles Dodsworth
Crabtree Charles Groves
Carcless W. T. Lovell
Trip Charles E Edwin
Rowley Adolphus W. J. Leonard
Sunke Adolphus W. Shelley
Lady Tearle Mrs. Candeur Mrs. Candeur Mrs. Candeur Enid Leelle
Lady Sneerwell Sadie Bigelow Herrmann, of magic fame, will appear at the Grand,

pera House next week. There is every prospect of yet another comic opera company being heard in this city. Harrigan's will proba-

bly be its temporary abiding place. Gustave Frohman and Architect Hubert, the architect who designed the Lyceum Theatre, are looking for a site in upper Broadway on which to build a large theatre.

Last night the "Still Alarm" was played for the fiftieth time at the Fourteenth Street Theatre in the presence of a large avdience. Tasteful souvenirs were distributed.

There is a matinee of "The Wife" to-day at the Lyceum. The 200th performance occurs next Friday. Herr Barnay gave his farewell performance at the Thalla last night, appearing as Uriel Acosta.

No testimony was taken yesterday in the Davenpert-Price divorce case. Some formal steps will be taken to-day, but the referee's report will not probably be made

The performance of the "Lady or the Tiger" moved with more brianness last night and was anded by 11

A VICTORY FOR THE GIANTS DEFEATING THE INDIANAPOLIS CLUB.

TIERNAN'S HOME RUN IN THE NINTH INNING WON THE GAME. Indianapolis, Ind. May 8 .- Fo-day's game of baseball was close and exciting throughout, and was not won until Tiernan knocked the ball over the fence in the last inning.

The fielding of both teams was sharp. Moffett pitched his first game of the season and did well. The score was: Indianapolis. r. | 15 pe | a. | c. | New York. | r. | 15 po | a. | c. Myers, 3 b. 1 1 1 1 1 Therian, r\$ 2 2 3 0

Myers, 3 b. 1 1 1 1 1 Therian, r\$ 2 2 3 0

Denty, s.s. 2 1 1 4 2 Ward, s.s. 1 1 1 1

Bassett, 2 b. 1 0 2 4 1 Conser, b. 2 2 9 0

Esterbrk, 1 b 1 1 10 0 0 Statter, c. f 1 1 1 1

Mctieachy, rf 0 0 0 0 0 Richards 2 b 1 0 2 2

Moffett, 0 0 1 0 2 3 Murphy, c. 0 1 9 3

Buckley, c. 0 1 3 1 0 Titcomb, p. 0 0 0 8 Totals...... 6 11 24 13 7 Totals...... 7 9 27:18 4

Indianapolis . . . . 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1-6
New-York . . . . . 1 0 2 0 1 0 0 2 1-7 Earned runs-Indianapolis 2, New-York 3. Two-base hits-Secry 2, Tiernan. Three-base hit-Hines. Home runs-Conner, Tiernan. Double plays-Hines, Denny, Myers; Modett, Denny, Esterbrook. First base on balls-Connor, Gore, Ward. Hit by pitched ball-Myers, Ewing. Pirst base on errors—Indianapolis 3. New York 1. Struck out—Esterbrook, Buckley, Denny 2, Moffett, Seery 2, McGeachy. Time—1:50. Umpire—Mr. Lynch.

COLLEGE BOYS AT THE POLO GROUNDS. JERSEY CITY AGAIN DEFEATS THE BINGHAM

TONS-OTHER GAMES AND SCORES. The Columbia College and Wesleran University nines played a game of baseball at the Pole Grounds yesterday. Eain stopped the contest at the end of the seventh inning. The local collegians won through superior work at the bat The attendance was small. The score by innings was as

Wesleyan . . . . . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 2-2 Columbia . . . . . . . . 1 0 0 1 1 5 2-10

The Jersey City club again defeated the Binghamton nine at Oakland Park, Jersey City, yesterday. The soo was as appended:

Jersey City. | r. | 16 | po | a. | e. | Binghamton. | r. | 16 | po | a. | e. Tetal...... 5 10 27 19 3 Total...... 2 6 27 11 7

Jersey City . . . . 0 1 1 3 0 0 0 0 0-5 Binghamton . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0-2 Earned runs-Jersey City, 3; Binghamton, 2. First base on errors-Jersey City, 5; Binghamton, 8. Left on hases—Jersey City, 8; Binghamton, 6. Struck out— Jersey City, 3; Binghamton, 9. First bast on balls— Jersey City, 2; Binghamton, 1. Stolen bases-Jersey City, 3; Binghamton, 0. Double plays-Kingsler, Harris and McGuirk; Harris and McGuirk. Three-base hits -Reipschlager 1. Two-base hits-O'Brien 4. Lang 1. Roussey 1, McGuckin 1. Hit by pitcher-None. Wild pitches-Chapman 1. Passed balls-Saay 2. Umpire-Mr. Cellahan. Time of game-2 hours. In the game at Newark yesterday between the Newark

Newark . . . . . . 2 0 1 0 4 0 1 0 0-8 Elmira . . . . . . 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1-4 The League and American Association record to is as follows:

Chicago...
Boston... The Jersey City and Newark clubs will play at Oak

land Park, Jersey City, to-day.

A New-Orieans baseball enthusiast has sent a rooster of fighting breed to the New-York club. The sender suggests that the game-bird may help the Giants as a

LOUISVILLE WINS A GAME. Louisville, May 8.-The Louisville club defeated the Kansas City nine to-day by the following score Kansas City . . . 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0-3 Louisville . . 0 1 0 0 0 5 0 0 0-0 Base hits-Kansas City 7; Louisville 10. Errors-Kansas City 6; Louisville 5. Pitchers-Porter and Hecker.

Umpire-Mr. McQuade. The proposed games at Chicago, Detroit, Pittsburg and incinnati were postponed on account of the rain.

MARYLAND JOCKEY CLUB RACES. FIRST AND SECOND IN THE RANCOCAS. Baltimore, May 8.—The first day of the spring meeting of the Maryland Jockey Club was not so successful in the attendance as was anticipated. In the early forenoon there was a slight rain, and a cold east wind prevailed.

there was a slight rein, and a cold cast wind prevailed. Following are the results:

First race—Five furlongs; purse, \$500. Duke of Bourbon won by a head. Sam Harper, ir., second, one and a half lengths in front of Britannic third. Time—
1:02 1-2. Mutuals paid \$39 35.

Second race—Annual Homebred Stakes; feels of 1885;
\$600 added; one mile. Belle d'Or won, a half length ahead of Annie C. second, four lengths in front of My Own, third. Time—1:45. Mutuals paid \$7 70.

Third race—Purse, \$500; six furlongs. Sam Brown was first home by a head. Golden Reel second, a half

was first home by a head, Golden Reel second, a half length in front of Monte Cristo third. Time-1:17. cond, a length in front of Queen of Elizabeth third.

Fifth race-Purse, \$500; one mile. Salvini finished winner a half length ahead of Lottery second, a head in front of Letritia third. Time-1:44 1-2 Mutuals paid

THE ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY.

Pools were seid to-night on to-motrow's races as follows:
First race-Three-quarters of a mile. Young Duke,
112, \$25; the field, \$20; King Fan, 115; Defence, 101;
Branch, 101; Firefly, 93; Brown Charlie, 92; Crichton, 101; and Palatka, 101. Young Duke barred, Defence

101; and Palatra, 101. Young Duke Darred, Detences sold for \$25, and the field \$15.

The Vernal Sweepstakes—one mile. Defaulter, 118, \$25; the field, \$15; Revolt Gelding, 105; Maidenhair, 103; Joe Lee, 113; Refund, 108; Giendale, 108; Emma Smith colt, 108. Clabaugh Memorial Stakes-one-half mile. Holiday,

107, \$25; the field, \$15; Souriere, 107; Buddhist, 110; Hot Scotch, 107; Singlestone, 110. Free Handicap Sweepstakes—One and one-eighth miles. Bess, 107, \$25; Livrie Baker, 100, \$15; Ten Booker, 102,

\$7; the field, \$8; Le Logos, 104; Bets, 100. As between Ten Booker and Lirrie Baker the first named brought \$25, and Lizzie Baker \$21. Fifth race-One mile. Paymaster, 105; Tit Willow, 87. No pools sold.

WINNERS AT LEXINGTON.

Lexington, Ky., May 8.—Second day, spring meeting; track good.

First race-Purse, all ages; 3-4 mile. Persimmens, first; shotover, second; Gieaner, third. Time-1:15-3-4. Odds-Persimmens, 7 to 5; Shotover, 10 to 1; Gleaner, 3

Ods-Persimmons, 7 to 5; Shotover, 10 to 1; Gleaner, 3 to 5.

Second race-Phoenix Hotel Stakes; three-year-olds; \$100 each, \$800 added; 34 entries, 3 starters; 1 1.4 miles. Chevalier, 118 (Lewis, first; Macheth, 116 (Covington), second; Autocrat, 118 (Johnson), third. Odds-Macheth, 4 to 5; Antocrat, 6 to 5; Chevalier, 3 to 1. Time-210.

Third race-Seiling; purse, \$300; three-year-olds or upward; 1 mile. Tudor, Bras; Redstone, second; John Gray, third. Time-1:43 1-4. Odds-Tudor, 7 to 5; Redstone, 6 to 1; John Gray, 8 to 1.

Fourth race-ruise, \$300; two-year-olds; 1.2 mile. Chilwohee, 1 to 2; Unlucky, 1 to 1; Kanta, 6 to 1. Time-50 1-4.

Fifth race-Seiling; purse, \$300; 34 mile. Castaway, first; Unique, second; Cupid, third. Time-1:10. Odds-Castaway, 4 to 1; Unique, 2 to 1; Cupid, 3 to 2.

THE DWYERS ANXIOUS TO BEAT W. S. BARNES. Louisville, Ky., May 8 .- It is said that the Dwyers wish to see Barnes defeat for the Kentucky Derby and are holding of as regards Sir Dixon, and will send him here if the chances are strong that Gallifet will otherwise

TENNIS TOURNAMENT AT CORNELL TENNIS TOURNAMENT AT COMMITTEE OF THACA, May 8 (Special).—The Executive Committee of the Tennis Association of Cornell University has determined upon to-merrow for the beginning of the spring tournament. The tournament is to be pushed so that it will be over before the departure of the Cornell nine on their Southern tour. A novel plan has been decided upon. The players are to be divided into two classes, A and B, of which A will include the previous winners of prizes and players known to be superior. Class B will include all

GILBERT AS A BARRISTER.

From Mrs. Bancroft's Reminiscences.

Mrs. Bancroft tells an anecdote of Mr. W. S. Gilbert as a barrister at Liverpool:

"I hope my friend Mr. Gilbert will forgive my telling a little story against him whice occurred on the day he was going to make his maiden speech in prosecuting an old Irish woman for stealing a coat.

"He was very anxious about his lirst essay, and we all assembled to hear it. Mr. Gilbert tried for a long time to speak, but the old woman interrupted him so persistently that he could not get a word in edge-ways, with such polite remarks as 'Hold your tongue' 'Shut up, ye spalpeen!' 'Ah, if ye love me, sit down!' 'It's a lie, yer honor.' 'Hooroo for ouid Ireland!' etc. She jumped about, and made such a noise every time Mr. Gilbert attempted to speak, that the Judge ordered her to be taken down until the next day, and as she left the dock the prisoner made a grimace at Mr. Gilbert which I will not attempt to describe. So, after all, the maiden speech never came off, and I fear we were all immensely amused at Mr. Gilbert's discomforture."

Siberia! See Kennan's first illustrated, paper in the May Century

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THE COURTS.

A VERDICT FOR THE CUNARD COMPANY. A VERDICT FOR THE CUNARD COMPART.

Richard Dixon, who was until recently a member of the firm of William Fellowes Morgan & Co, sailed for Liverpool with his wife, four children and a maid on the Cunard steamship Etruria on February 23, 1887. He had secured two staterooms, but being dissatisfied with them was assigned to two others. After he had taken possession of two rooms he was ordered to leave one of them and move into one that was smaller. He did so under protest, and after spending several months in Europe returned to this city and sued the Cunard Steamship Company (Limited) for \$1,500 damages. ship Company (Limited) for \$1,500 damages.

The case was tried yesterday before Chief Justice Sedgwick and a jury in the Superior Court and resulted

in a verdict for the defendant. RITS OF LEGAL NEWS.

BITS OF LEGAL NEWS.

Italo Campanini, the famous tenor, has a financial difficulty. In a suit begun against him by James H., McVicker, the theatrical manager, damages to the amount of \$2,800 are claimed for an alleged breach of a contract by which, it is avowed, Campanini engaged the Chicage Opera House for the present week. On behalf of Mr., McVicker, ex-Judge A. J. Dittenhoefer has obtained from Justice Lawrence, of the Supreme Court, an attachment against the property in this State of the defendant.

In a suit broughs on behalf of the city against the sureties on a bond given by the American Steam Heat and Power Company the plaintiff recovered \$1.472.73

and Power Company the plaintiff recovered \$1.472.73 in the Supreme Court yesterday as damages for the improper restoration of the pavements in Broadway, between Fulton and Wall sts., and on streets leading casterly from Joseph B. Doblin and Samuel Abrahams (J. B. Doblin

& Co.) made an assignment yesterday without preferences to Abraham Gruber. Joseph Nawakowsky and Frederick Roehm assigned to Louis Schaefer, giving preferences for #508 95. The capital stock of the Southern Telegraph and Cable Company has been increased from \$10,000 to \$100,000 by the votes of Dwight Townsend, Hector de Castro and

the votes of Dwight Townsend, Hector de Castro and Edward C. Platt, who own a majority of the stock. The suit of William H. Peckham as administrator of Eliza Walker, to recover \$343,000 from Richard H. Me-Donald & Co., of San Francisco, as her interest in teem "Vinegar Bitters" business, was before Justice Andrews in the Supreme Court, Special Term, resterday. Mr. McDonald, the head of the firm and president of the Pacific Bank, testified that he was the author of the "Vinegar Divisor," in the land of that the palariff, was antitled to no

Bank, testified that he was the author of the "Vinegar Bitters" label, and that the plaintiff was entitled to no interest in it. The Judge gave the counsel in the case sixty days within which to hand up their briefs.

On the trial of the suit of John H. Fulton, a beer, bottler, for \$10,000 damages from Beadleston & Woerz, the brewers, anighte Beer Brewers' Association, Albers E. Seifert, secretary of the association, was examined as a witness yesterday before Justice Andrews. It is alleged by the plaintiff that the firm of brewers faisely reported to the association that he owed them \$100, and reported to the association that he owed them \$100, and that the association thereupon sent out a circular advising its members not to give him credit. Mr. Seifert being

The Gescheidt Fellows reference case was continued before Referee Davenport yesterday, Edward Goodenough being the only witness examined. Colonel Fellows was present for about a quarter of an hour, but took no part in the proceedings. The case was adjourned to 1:30 p. m. to-day.

COURT CALENDARS-TO-DAY.

STREAM J.-Nes. 730, 731, 720, 729.

SUPERME COURT-CIRCUIT-PART I.-Adjourned for the LTO.

SUPERME COURT-CIRCUIT-PART II.-Before Andrews, J.-Caroon. No say calendar.

SUPERME COURT-CIRCUIT-PART III.-Before Beach, J. STREAM COURT-CIRCUIT-PART III.-Before Beach, J. S. SUPERME COURT-CIRCUIT-PART III.-Before Beach, J. S. SUPERME COURT-CIRCUIT-PART IV.-Before Bearent, J. SUPERME COURT-CIRCUIT-PART IV.-Before Barrent, J. SUPERME COURT-Bellow, 1814, 1432, 1642, 1852, 1672, 1857, 1428, 1874, 1875, 1809, 1814, 1810, 820, 8214, 1678, 1874, 1875, 1809, 1801, 1807, 1821, 1874, 1875, 1809, 1849, 1800, 1008.

SUPERME COURT-Before Ransom, S.-Will of Consults of Supermonder of the Will of Consults of the Will of Consults of the Will of Consults of the Will of Supermonder of the Will of Consults of Consul

COMMON PLRAS—EPECIAL TREM—Before Daly, J.—Nos. 13
april.
COMMON PLRAS—TRIAL TREM—PART I.— Before Van
Hoesen, J.—Nos. 479, 779, 782, 626, 185, 543, 617, 568, 564, 689, 462, 655, 742, 798, 797, 759, 802, 803, 804, 805,
805, 807, 808.
CITY COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.—Before McGown, J.
—Nos. 2529, 2649, 2617, 2462, 4434, 2006, 2453, 4625, 2457,
3627, 3029, 3634, 3631, 3641, 3647,
CITY COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—Before British, J.
—Nos. 808, 3507, 3455, 3480, 963, 3489, 2237, 2342, 3159,
3486, 797, 3070, 3447, 3428, 1567, 3448, 3442, 3478,
CITY COURT—TRIAL TREM—PART II.—Before Pitshke, J.
—Nos. 3588, 2565, 3620, 8596, 3011, 3632, 2606, 3658, 3668,
2076, 3672, 3676, 2064, 1180, 3616, 3073, 2856, 3497, 3752,
3734, 3687, 3690, 3701, 3723, 8712, 3715, 3715,
COURT OF GERERAL SESSIONS—PART II.—Before Gilden,
sieve, J., and Assistant District Attorney Davia—306. I
to 15 inclinaive.
Court of Gereral Sessions—Part II.—Before Cowing, J. COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—PART IL—Before Cowing, J. and Assistant District Attorner Macdona—Nea. 1 to 22 inclusive.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—PART III.—Before Recorder Smyth and Assistant District Attorney Goff.—Nos. 1 to 11 inclusive.

COURT OF OVER AND TERMINER—Before Patterson, J. and District Attorney Fellows.—No. 1.

CLOSE OF THE BAR ASSOCIATION'S SEASON. The last regular meeting of the season of the Associa-tion of the Bar was held last evening at its rooms in

tion of the Bar was held last evening at its rooms in Twenty-ninth-st., Joseph H. Choate presiding. Twelve new members were elected and reports were read showing that there is a membership of 997 and \$17,373.33 in the treasury. A resolution looking to the establishment of a law magazine was voted down.